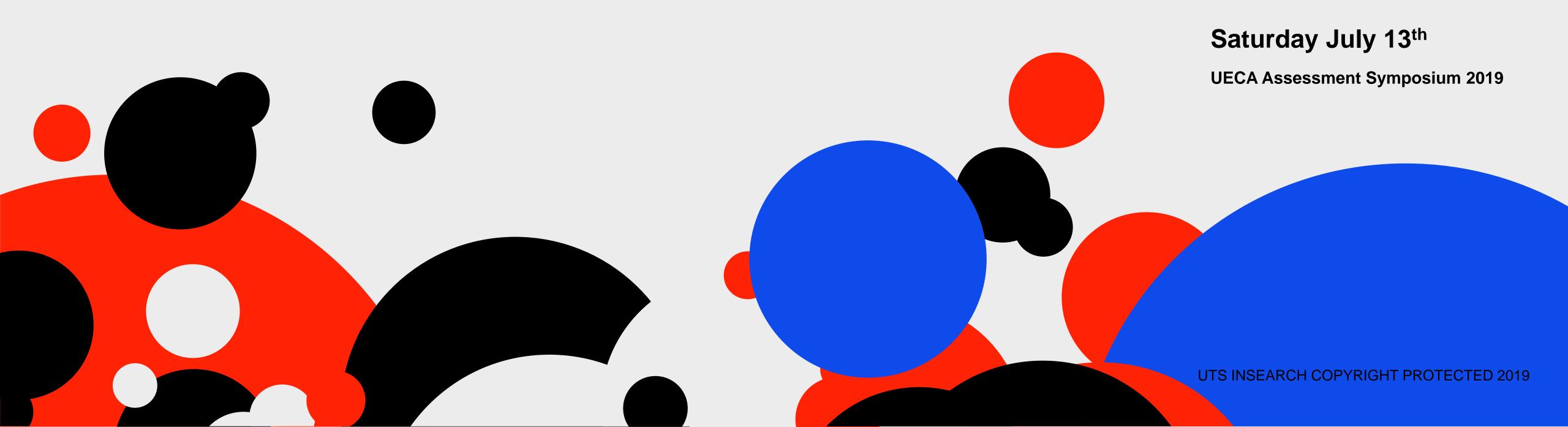


# Assessing Writing: Is the ship watertight?

Philip Godber









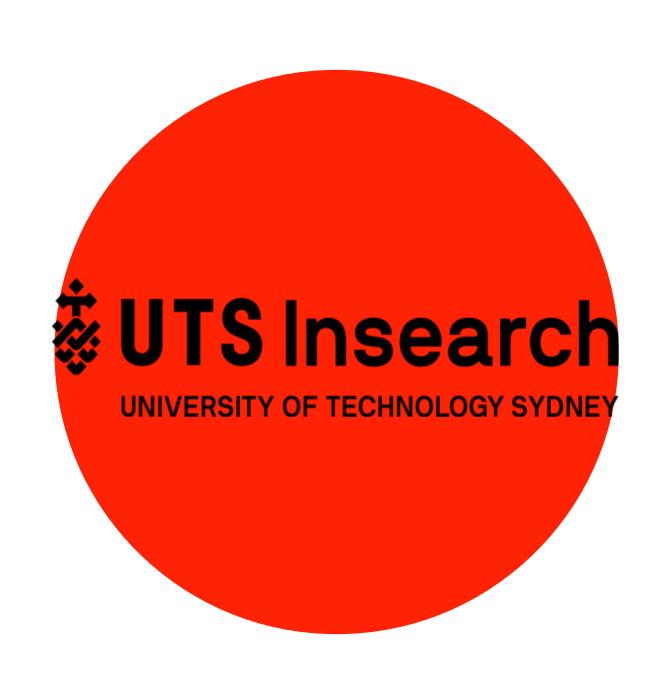






- 1) External comparison of exit standards (benchmarking)
- 2) Rating scale & descriptors

3) Standardisation & moderation





- 1. Workshop with UTS academic staff
- 2. External criterion test (DELA)



#### 9

### 1. Workshop with UTS academic staff:

What is an acceptable standard of writing?

Senior staff from Bus., Eng. & IT faculties
 Senior lecturers → Assoc. Dean

Sample writing exam scripts
 Range of grades, Fail → Credit;

Outcome
 Consensus on P and C grades;
 Less concurrence on F grades.

"... the panel tended to evaluate (F) scripts more leniently" (O'Hagan et al. 2016)

### 2. External criterion test (DELA):

Diagnostic English Language Assessment

• 82 exiting students

Exit exam & DELA results compared

Writing exam

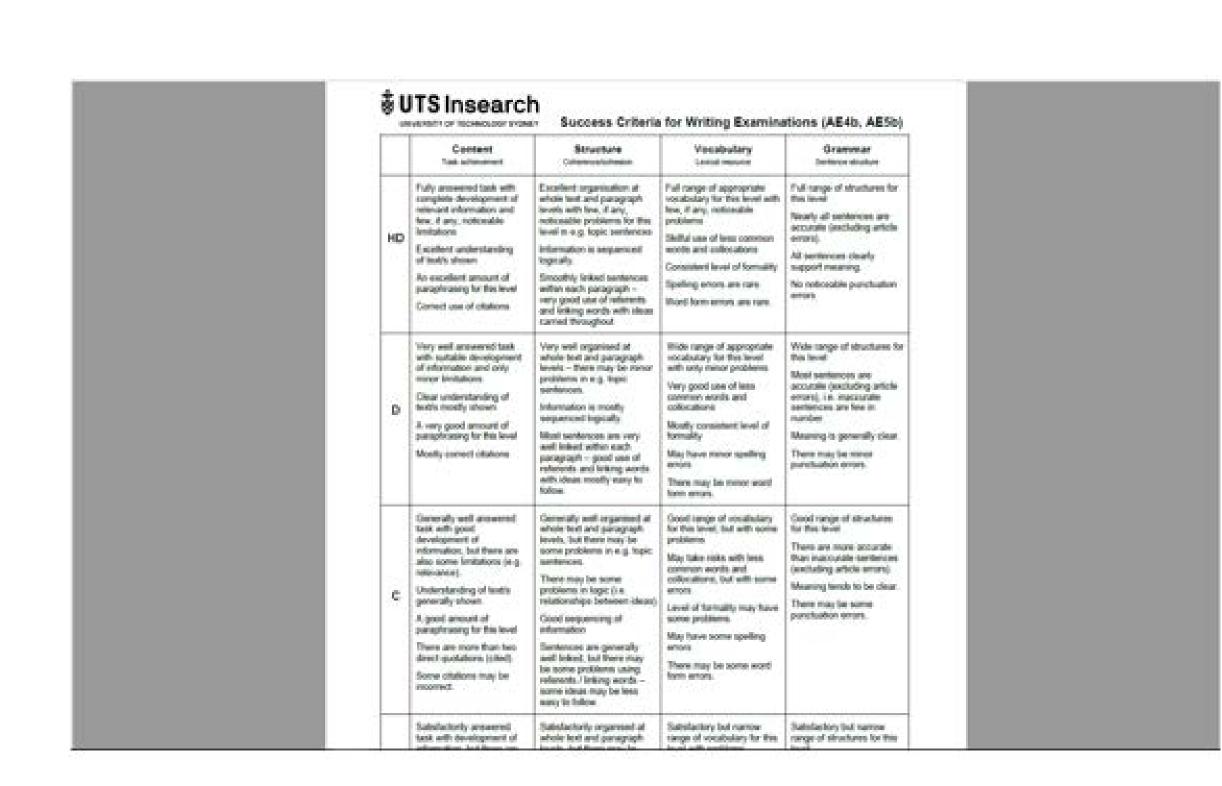
Exit exam: 16 Fail; 66 Pass or above

DELA: 18 At risk; 64 Borderline/Proficient

<sup>&</sup>quot;Positive correlations ... in all cases" (O'Hagan et al. 2017)

<sup>&</sup>quot;All correlations ... statistically significant"

- Analytic scale
- Multiple criteria
- Assign multiple grades
- Analytic or holistic? (see Weigle 2002)
- Clear descriptors
- Easy to interpret
- Facilitates rater training
- IELTS-like



# 2. Rating scale & descriptors

	Content Task achievement	Structure Coherence/cohesion	Vocabulary Lexical resource	Grammar Sentence structure
HD	Excellent			
D	Very good			
С	Good			
Р	Satisfactory			
F3	Unsatisfactory			
F2	Poor			
F1	Very poor			





### Grammar sentence structure

- Range of sentence types (variety of simple, compound & complex sentences; range of complex structures)
- Accuracy
- Clarity of meaning
- Punctuation

#### Grammar

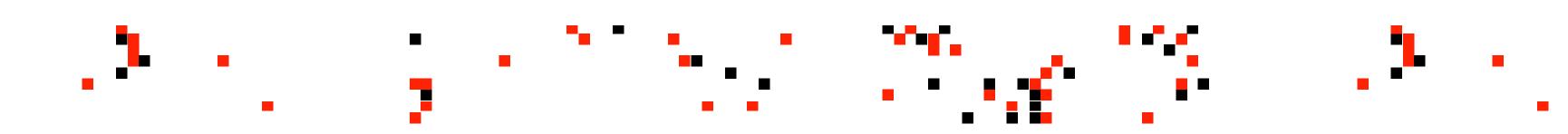
Sentence structure

Full range of structures for this level

Nearly all sentences are accurate (excluding article errors).

All sentences clearly support meaning.

No noticeable punctuation errors





## Vocabulary lexical resource

- Range of vocabulary
- Use of less common words and collocations
- Consistency of register
- Spelling
- Accuracy of word forms

### a for Writing Examinat

#### Vocabulary

Lexical resource

Full range of appropriate vocabulary for this level with few, if any, noticeable problems

Skilful use of less common words and collocations

Consistent level of formality

Spelling errors are rare.

Word form errors are rare.



# 2. Rating scale & descriptors

### Structure coherence & cohesion

- Whole text structure (introduction, body, conclusion)
- Paragraph structure (e.g. topic sentences)
- Logical sequencing of information
- Linking between sentences ease of following ideas

#### Success Criteria

#### Structure

Coherence/cohesion

Excellent organisation at whole text and paragraph levels with few, if any, noticeable problems for this level in e.g. topic sentences

Information is sequenced logically.

Smoothly linked sentences within each paragraph – very good use of referents and linking words with ideas carried throughout

Very well organised at



### Content task achievement

AE 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

- Extent task is answered with relevant information
- Development of that information

### AE 3, 4, 5

- Understanding of texts
- Amount of paraphrasing
- Citing



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	Content Task achievement
HD	Fully answered task with complete development of relevant information and few, if any, noticeable limitations
טוו	Excellent understanding of text/s shown
	An excellent amount of paraphrasing for this level
	Correct use of citations





### Content task achievement

AE 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

- Extent task is answered with relevant information
- Development of that information

AE 3, 4, 5

- Understanding of texts
- Amount of paraphrasing
- Citing

Unsatisfactorily answered task with development of information often irrelevant, incomplete or off topic

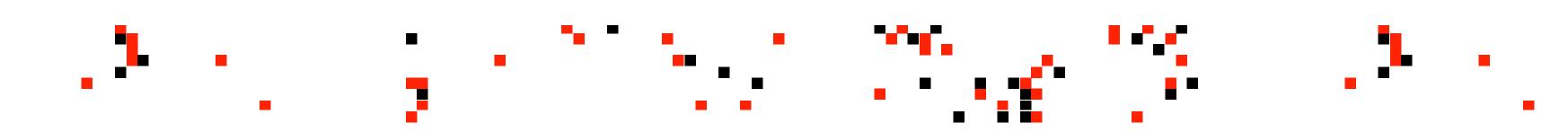
Understanding of text/s not clearly shown

F3

An unsatisfactory amount of paraphrasing for this level

There are several strings of copied text (unquoted or quoted).

There may be no correct citations.





# 2. Rating scale & descriptors (footnotes: AE3 – 5)

Student production must reflect either the majority of a grade's descriptors to award that grade or a balance

A string of copied text contains five or more consecutive words.

Penalty on content for under length: 10-24% minus one grade, 25-49% minus two grades, 50+% minus the

Include copied strings in the word count, but not when assessing vocabulary and grammar.

Penalty for over 50% copying: **F1** in all categories

Percentage of copying refers to the length of the script up to the recommended word limit.

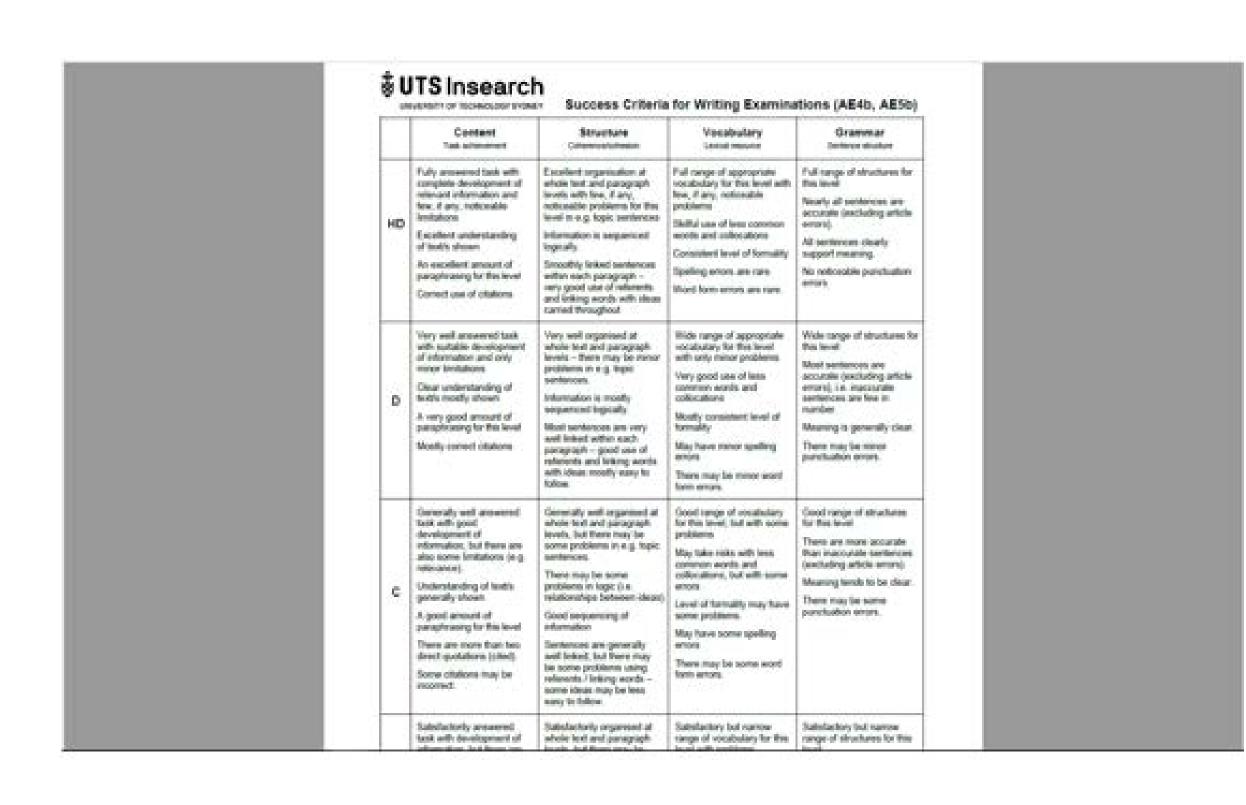
reduction. Firstly, topid whan isation has becoming the major site of economic growth growth in most contries, and coculate for a very high betweenth of national economic production.

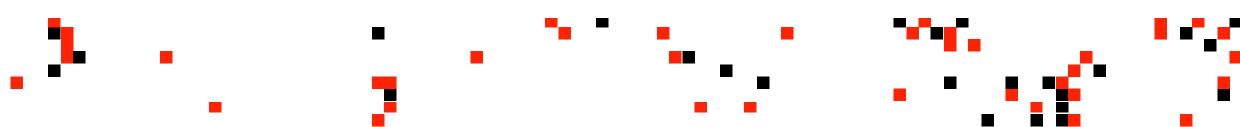
# 3. Training, standardisation & moderation



## 3. Training

- Thorough knowledge of the descriptors
- Awareness of the levels they represent







### 3. Standardisation

- Thorough knowledge of descriptors
- Awareness of the levels they represent
- 3 Standardisation sessions per 10 weeks
- Grade & discuss sample scripts

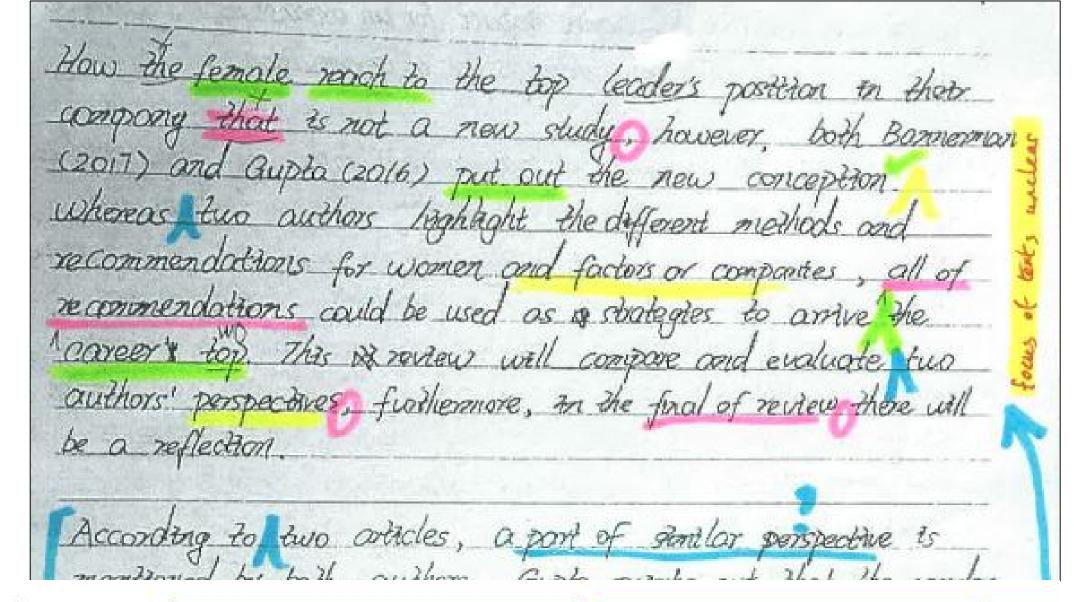
from career success. More specifically, this essay will compare and evaluate these articles in relation to their perspectives on the barries of female leaders and some recommendations for women to achieve success in their career.

Although the two articles discuss the challenges of female leadership in broad term, they differ in almost every other respect. To begin with, both authors assert that it is common to find unfair rules in many areas, which limit the development of female career. Furthermore, Bannerman cites in the journal suggesting that women are in a double blind when they adopt male behaviours (Hopkins 2013; cited in Bannerman; para &). Gupta, however, Strongly points out that it is too difficult for women leaders to balance work and family in India. In fact, women need to take more responsible for family because of the traditional society stereoty jies (paras 4-5). A second suggestions of both authors is



### 3. Standardisation

- Thorough knowledge of descriptors
- Awareness of the levels they represent
- 3 Standardisation sessions per 10 weeks
- Grade & discuss sample scripts
- Compare with standard & supporting comments
- Colour-annotated scripts

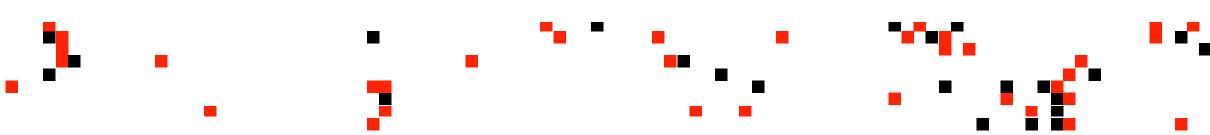


	Content (task achievement)	Structure (coherence/ cohesion)	
Grade	F3 → F2	F3	
Comment	Unsatisfactory answer – fails to clearly convey the focus, context or perspectives of the texts  Understanding of the texts sometimes but not convincingly shown	Coherence affected by weak preview and weak topic sentences (no controlling ideas)	Man Som ofter deep mas Som (P)
	Satisfactory-to-good amount of paraphrasing – some short copied strings (P)		Man
	Penalty for under length	S INSEARCH COPYRIGHT PROTEC	TED 20

### 3. Standardisation & moderation

- Thorough knowledge of descriptors
- Awareness of the levels they represent
- 3 Standardisation sessions per 10 weeks
- Grade & discuss sample scripts
- Compare with standard & supporting comments
- Colour-annotated scripts
- Exam marking involves moderation

	Content (task achievement)	Structure (coherence/ cohesion)	Vocabula
NLICC Grade	Р	P	Р
Sydney Grade	F2	F3	F3
Comment	Unsatisfactory: development is weak and often irrelevant (F3) Poor understanding of the texts Only 1 citation (Gardner not cited) *41% is copied (185 words)	Satisfactory overall structure but unsatisfactory at paragraph level.  Many problems in logic, relationship between and sequencing of ideas  General lack of cohesion makes ideas difficult to follow	Range limited by an copying  Many introduced water loss of habitat; ada loss of habitat; ada loss word/collocations. Wrong/missing Significant sp. & Weig. has v 'gas', aff sources v services





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